



- Forged Thermowell
- Metal Bright Bars
- Valve Components
- CNC Machine Components
- Flanges
- Fasteners
- Forged Bar
- Forged Rings



Aspiring Growth Through Technological Advancement



API METALS & FORGE (AMF) is fast growing Forging Flanges, Fittings, Open Forged Components & CNC Machined Components manufacturing Company.

Our company certified with ISO 9001:2015, PED 2014/68/EU & NORSO M-650 Approved.

The perfect blend of deep domain knowledge, technology experience & quality Material has enabled us to become leader in Flanges, Forgings and Metals industry. The Company has set up state of art Manufacturing plant in Ambernath, MIDC located near to Mumbai, In India. For meeting the requirements of its customers globally.

AMF always believes in satisfying its customers by providing quality products, meeting growing demand of our customers globally, timely and continuous improvements in the products to meet the quality expectations of the international market.

We have supplied materials globally to Middle East, Europe & Africa. The plant infrastructure comprises of highly efficient Forging and Machining Facilities with high level of quality aspects. It covers all the business process like Sales, Design & Development, Procurement, Planning, Manufacturing, Quality, Store, Dispatch, HR and Finance.

Company always takes interest for up-gradation of technology, Infrastructure & continuous improvement of its manufacturing process to achieve quality products, Cost effective Products to Cater the Customer requirement from Diverse Sectors Namely: Oil & Gas, Chemical & Petrochemical, Valve industry, Power, Fertilizers, Fabrications and Marine industries etc.

AMF also follow the safety, health and environment policies as per national & international norms. AMF believes in ethical business practices and in achieving the company goals by Providing appropriate training and development to enhance the skills of its employees.

QUALITY

At "Amf Metals" Products Manufactured Conforms To The Highest Quality Standards Which Starts Right From The Sourcing Of Raw Materials Till The Final Product Is Dispatched To The Customer.

Excellence is Our Standard



Customer Focused Approach



Timely Delivery Schedule



Well-equipped Testing Lab



Zero Percent Rejection



Continuous Process Improvements



Training & Development of Employees

Certification



Product Grades

Stainless Steel

SS316/316L, SS304/304L, SS321, SS316Ti, 6Mo, F44 (UNS S31254)

Duplex Steel Super Duplex

F51, F53, F55, F60

Nickel Alloy

Alloy 625 (UNS N06625), Alloy 825 (UNS N08825) Monel-400 (UNS N04400), Hastelloy C-276

Titanium Forgings

B381: F2, F1

DIN/EN

1.4404, 1.4401, 1.4541, 1.4571, 1.4306, 1.4307, 1.4301, 1.0460, 1.4462

Carbon Steel

A105/SA266, C22/C22.8, A694 Gr.F60

Low Temp Steel:

SA 350 LF2

SPECTROMETER



UTS MACHINE



IMPACT TEST



Flanges

High-performance flanges conforming to ANSI, API, DIN, and JIS standards.

Types

- Weld Neck (WN)
- Slip-On (SO)
- Socket Weld (SW)
- Blind (BL)
- Threaded (TH)
- Lap Joint (LJ)
- Orifice & Custom Flanges



Flanges – Detailed Specification

Types & Dimensions (per ANSI B16.5 & B16.47)

| Flange Type | Typical Sizes | Pressure Class | Face Type |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Weld Neck (WN) | ½" to 60" | 150# – 2500# | RF, RTJ, FF |
| Slip On (SO) | ½" to 48" | 150# – 900# | RF, FF |
| Blind (BL) | ½" to 60" | 150# – 2500# | RF, RTJ, FF |
| Socket Weld (SW) | ½" to 4" | 150# – 1500# | RF |
| Threaded (TH) | ½" to 4" | 150# – 600# | RF, FF |
| Lap Joint (LJ) | ½" to 24" | 150# – 600# | Flat Face |
| Orifice | 2" to 24" | 150# – 900# | With tapped holes/drain |

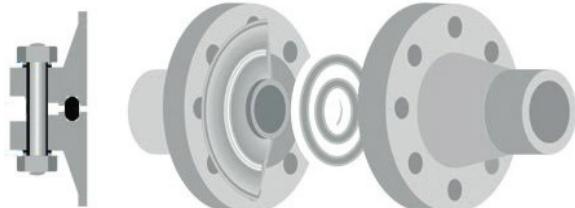
Materials by Grade

| Material Type | Common Grades | Key Applications |
|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Carbon Steel | ASTM A105, A350 LF2 | General service, cryogenic (LF2) |
| Stainless Steel | 304, 304L, 316, 316L, 321 | General service, cryogenic (LF2) |
| Duplex SS | UNS S31803, S32205 | General service, cryogenic (LF2) |
| Super Duplex | UNS S32750, S32760 | Chloride-rich media |
| Carbon Steel | ASTM A105, A350 LF2 | General service, cryogenic (LF2) |
| Stainless Steel | 304, 304L, 316, 316L, 321 | General service, cryogenic (LF2) |
| Duplex SS | UNS S31803, S32205 | General service, cryogenic (LF2) |
| Super Duplex | UNS S32750, S32760 | Chloride-rich media |

RTJ Dimensions (Ring-Type Joint)

(For high-pressure sealing – Class 600 to 2500)

| NPS | Ring No. | OD | Width (in) | Height (in) |
|-----|----------|--------|------------|-------------|
| 2" | R-23 | 2.875 | 0.388 | 0.195 |
| 4" | R-27 | 4.875 | 0.456 | 0.248 |
| 6" | R-31 | 7.000 | 0.500 | 0.277 |
| 12" | R-39 | 13.250 | 0.625 | 0.344 |



Welding Neck Flange



Slip On Flange



BLRTJ



Lap Joint Flange



Socket Weld Flange



Threaded Flange



WNRTJ



Blind Flange

Thermowells

Reliable protection for sensors in high-pressure or corrosive media.

Types

Threaded
Flanged
Weld-In
Van Stone



Thermowells – Detailed Engineering Specification

| Bore | Stem Length | Process Connection | Material | Std |
|------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|----------|
| 6mm | Upto | NPT/BSP, ANSI | SS316Inconel | ASME PTC |
| 20mm | 1000mm | Flange | Monel | 19.3 |

Thermowells protect temperature sensors from harsh flow, pressure, and corrosive environments.

Optional Features

- Helical Strakes (to reduce vortex-induced vibration)
- Radiography & Hydrostatic Testing
- Weld Traceability & NDT
- Custom insertion length & reduced tip diameter

Dimensional Standards

| Bore (mm) | Stem Length (mm) | Tip Type | Immersion Depth | Wake Frequency Compliant |
|--------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 6,8 10,12 | Up to 1000mm | Straight Tapered | As per application | Yes (ASME PTC 19.3 TW-2016) |

Special Material Grade

| Material | Grade | Max Temp | Corrosion Resistance | Notes |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| SS316/316L | AISI 316/316L | 870°C | Excellent | Standard choice |
| Inconel 600 /625 | UNS N06600 / N06625 | 1093°C | Excellent in acids | Chemical plants |
| Hastelloy C-276 | UNS N10276 | 1040°C | Resistant to oxidizers | Acid recovery |
| Monel 400 | UNS N04400 | 1000°C | Seawater & alkali resistant | Marine use |
| Duplex SS | UNS S31803 | 600°C | High strength & corrosion | Offshore platforms |
| Super Duplex | UNS S32750 | 600°C | Pitting & crevice resistant | Chloride-rich systems |
| Titanium Gr.2/Gr.5 | ASTM B348 | 500°C | Outstanding in seawater | Desalination plants |
| Tantalum / Zirconium | R05200 / Zr702 | 500–700°C | Superior chemical resistance | High-end pharma, nuclear |



Pipe Fittings – Complete Range (Standard & Exotic Alloys)

We supply seamless and welded pipe fittings in a wide range of sizes & exotic materials, designed for high pressure, high temperature, and highly corrosive environments.



Types

| | |
|-----------|-----------------|
| Elbows | Crosses |
| Reducers | Couplings |
| Tees | Swage Nipples |
| Caps | Unions |
| Stub Ends | Outlets (Olets) |

Types of Pipe Fittings

| Category | Fitting Type | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Elbows | 45°, 90°, 180° – LR/SR | Directional change |
| Reducers | Concentric / Eccentric | Size transitions |
| Tees | Equal / Reducing | Branching lines |
| Caps | End Sealing | Closing pipes |
| Stub Ends | Short & Long | For Lap Joint Flanges |
| Crosses | Equal / Unequal | Four-way connections |
| Couplings | Full / Half / Reducing | Small pipe joints |
| Swage Nipples | Concentric / Eccentric | Reducing or transition |
| Unions | Threaded / Socket Weld | Removable joints |
| Outlets (Olets) | Weldolet, Sockolet, Threadolet | Branch connections |

| Size (NPS/DN) | Range | Schedule / Thickness |
|---------------|--|------------------------|
| NPS | ½" to 48" | Sch 10 to Sch 160, XXS |
| DN | DN15 to DN1200 | PN6 to PN160 |
| Standards | ASME B16.9, B16.11, MSS SP-75, DIN 2605, EN 10253 | |

Materials & Typical Applications

Materials

Stainless Steel (SS)

Grades: 304, 304L, 316, 316L, 321, 347

Use: General chemical & water services, moderate corrosion

Temp Range: 196°C to 870°C

Duplex Stainless Steel

Grades: UNS S31803 (F51), S32205 (F60)

Use: Chloride-rich media, offshore platforms

Strength: 2x that of 316L

Temp Range: -50°C to 300°C

Super Duplex Stainless Steel

Grades: UNS S32750 (F53), S32760 (F55)

Use: Subsea, desalination, high-pressure pipelines

Properties: Excellent pitting & crevice corrosion resistance

Temp Range: -50°C to 300°C

Inconel®

Grades: 600, 625, 718 (Alloy 625 is most common)

Use: High-temperature and aggressive acid service (H_2SO_4 , HCl, seawater)

Temp Range: -100°C to 980°C

Fittings: Seamless elbows, tees, reducers, unions, forged fittings

Grades: 400, K500

Use: Saltwater, alkali, and hydrofluoric acid resistance

Applications: Marine, nuclear, heat exchangers

Temp Range: S-200°C to 500°C

Hastelloy® (Available on request)

Grades: C-276, C-22

Use: Highly corrosive acids and oxidizers

Applications: Pharmaceuticals, chemical reactors

Fabrication Methods

Seamless (up to 24")

Welded
(above 24" or custom sizes)

Forged
(small sizes, high strength)

Machined from bar stock
for high alloys

Quality Assurance & Testing

Dimensional & visual
inspection (100%)

Hydro, PMI, UT, RT (on request)

Certifications: EN 10204 3.1
/ 3.2, NACE MR0175, ISO 15156



Flushing Rings – Oil and Gas & Industrial Applications

Flushing Rings are installed between diaphragm seals and process flanges to allow flushing, draining, or sampling of the process media without removing the instrument. They are essential in oil & gas, refining, chemical, and pharmaceutical industries where viscous, corrosive, or slurry media are present.



Flushing Ring Overview

- Used with diaphragm seal pressure transmitters
- Allows flushing of process media to prevent clogging or deposition
- Permits sampling, draining, or cleaning without disassembly

Types of Flushing Rings

| Type | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| Standard Single-Pass Ring | With 2 side ports (opposite or 90°), used for flushing media through the cavity. |
| Multi-Port Flushing Ring | Used when simultaneous flushing & draining are required. |
| Drip Ring / Spacer Ring | Used as a separator/spacer in high-temperature or viscous fluid applications. |
| Custom Machined Designs | With extended hubs, offset ports, or jack screw holes for alignment or cleaning. |
| Orifice Flushing Ring | Includes a small orifice or bore to control flow into the diaphragm cavity. |

Standard Sizes & Dimensions

| Process Connection | Nominal Size (NPS/DN) | Typical OD (mm) | Thickness | Port Size / Type |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|--|
| ASME B16.5 | ½" to 4" (DN15 to DN100) | 90 – 230 mm | 3 mm to 10 mm | ¼", ½" NPT or BSPP |
| Custom Port Connection | Up to 12" (DN300) 2x threaded ports (180° or 90° apart) | Custom | As required | Flanged or threaded Standard ¼" or ½" |
| | | Custom | As required | |

Can be supplied to match RF, RTJ, FF, or custom flange facings per ASME B16.5, B16.47, API 6A.

Materials for Oil & Gas & Harsh Applications

| Material | Grade / UNS | Applications |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Stainless Steel | 304 / 316 / 316L (S31603) | General service, moderate corrosion |
| Duplex Steel | S31803 / F51 | Offshore, sour gas, chloride environments |
| Super Duplex | S32750 / S32760 | Subsea, HPHT, high chloride & sour service |
| Monel® | 400 / K500 | Seawater, acids, alkali |
| Inconel® | 625 / 718 | High temperature, oxidizing environments |
| Hastelloy® | C276 / C22 | Highly corrosive chemicals |
| Titanium | Gr.2 / Gr.5 | Seawater, lightweight, highly inert |
| Carbon Steel | A105 / A350 LF2 | Non-corrosive media, utility service (with or without coating) |

All exotic materials can be certified to NACE MR0175 / ISO 15156 for sour service.

Pressure & Temperature Ratings

| Ring Rating | Matching Flange Class | Pressure Rating | Temp Rating |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| PN16 – PN160 | DIN/EN flanges | Up to 250 bar | -50°C to 400°C |
| 150# – 1500# | ASME B16.5 flanges | Up to 2500 psi (172 bar) | Up to 500°C (material dependent) |
| API 6A Rated | Up to 20,000 psi | High-pressure wellheads | HPHT wells |

Design Features

Side Ports: $\frac{1}{4}$ " or $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT(F) or BSPP for flushing or sampling lines

Gasket Surface: Raised face (RF), ring-type joint (RTJ), flat face (FF)

Mounting: Matches standard flanges or instrument diaphragm seal

Machining Tolerance: ± 0.1 mm, custom OD/ID configurations

Markings: Material grade, heat number, port orientation

Testing & Certification

Hydrostatic Pressure Testing: Optional for ring body

Dimensional Inspection

Positive Material Identification (PMI)

Hardness, Tensile, and Impact Testing (on request)

Certifications: EN 10204 3.1 / 3.2, NACE MR0175, ISO 15156, ISO 9001

Typical Applications

Oil & Gas: Offshore platforms, chemical injection skids, separator vessels

Petrochemical Plants: Aggressive media in diaphragm seal systems

Marine / Subsea: Saltwater-resistant installations for pressure transmitters

Refineries & Power Plants: Steam and process fluid instrumentation

Chemical & Pharma: Flushing to avoid media crystallization in small-bore tubing

Industrial Rings - Oil & Gas & Engineering Applications

Rings are critical components used in flange connections, seals, gaskets, bearing supports, pipe spacers, and rotating equipment. Our rings are manufactured from high-performance alloys and meet stringent quality standards for use in high-pressure, high-temperature, and corrosive environments.



Types of Rings

- Seamless Rolled Rings
- Precision Machined Rings
- Spacer Rings
- Welded Rings
- Gasket Rings
- Bearing rings

Types of Rings

| Type | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| Seamless Rolled Rings | Formed by hot forging and ring rolling – strong grain structure, ideal for critical applications. |
| Welded Rings | Formed by rolling and welding plate or bar – suitable for non-critical or large-diameter rings. |
| Precision Machined Rings | CNC-turned to close tolerances from forged or bar stock – used in rotating and sealing systems. |
| Spacer Rings | Used between flanges, pipes, and valves for spacing or alignment. |
| Gasket Rings (RTJ / BX / RX) | Used between flanges, pipes, and valves for spacing or alignment. |
| Support / Backup Rings | Used in O-ring and sealing systems to prevent extrusion in HPHT environments |
| Bearing Rings | Used in mechanical systems such as compressors and pumps |

| Ring Type | Outer Diameter (OD) | Inner Diameter (ID) | Thickness (T) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Seamless Rolled Rings | 100 mm – 2500 mm | As required | 5 mm – 250 mm |
| Welded Rings | 300 mm – 4000 mm | Custom | 5 mm – 100 mm |
| Gasket Rings (RTJ/BX) | Per API 6A / ASME B16.20 | Per spec | As per type (R, RX, BX) |
| Backup/Spacer Rings | 25 mm – 1000 mm | As per design | Custom machined |

Custom sizes and profiles (square, rectangular, dovetail) available upon request

Materials & Grades

Carbon Steel & Low Alloy

| Material | Grade | Use |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Carbon Steel | ASTM A105, A516 Gr.70 | General service rings |
| Alloy Steel | ASTM A182 F11, F22 | High temp/pressure flanges |

Stainless Steel

| Grade | UNS | Use |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| 304 / 304L | S30400 / S30403 | Water, air, moderate corrosion |
| 316 / 316L | S31600 / S31603 | Offshore, marine, chlorides |
| 321 / 347 | S32100 / S34700 | High-temp, anti-sensitization |

Duplex & Super Duplex

| Grade | UNS | Use |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Duplex | S31803 | High strength, offshore, FPSO |
| Super Duplex | S32750, S32760 | Sour service, subsea, HPHT |

Nickel Alloys

| Material | Grade/UNS | Use |
|-----------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Inconel | 600, 625, 718 | High temp, oxidation, sour gas |
| Monel | 400, K500 | Seawater, alkali, hydrocarbons |
| Hastelloy | C-276, C-22 | Corrosive acids, oxidizers |
| Titanium | Grade 2 / 5 | Chloride, seawater, low weight |

Applications

| Industry | Applications |
|-------------------|--|
| Oil & Gas | RTJ gaskets, riser flanges, wellhead seals, spacer rings |
| Petrochemical | Heat exchanger tube support rings, vessel flange joints |
| Power Generation | Turbine casing rings, generator seal rings |
| Mechanical | Compressor bearing rings, pump shaft collars, thrust rings |
| Subsea | Metal-to-metal seal rings, subsea connector rings |
| Aerospace/Defense | Lightweight high-strength titanium rings |

Testing & Certifications

Dimensional Inspection (± 0.01 mm)

Material Testing: PMI, UT, Hardness, Tensile, Microstructure

Certifications: EN 10204 3.1 / 3.2, NACE MR0175, PED 2014/68/EU, ISO 15156

API 6A, ASME B16.20 (For RTJ, BX, RX rings)

Elbows - Oil & Gas and Engineering Applications

Elbows are essential pipe fittings used in pipelines to change the direction of flow. They are critical components in various industries, including Oil & Gas, Power Generation, Chemical Processing, Refining, and Marine, among others. Elbows are available in various angles, sizes, materials, and pressure ratings, and can be designed for different types of welded, threaded, or flanged connections. Below is a detailed technical overview.

Types of Elbow

Long Radius (LR) Elbows

Short Radius (SR) Elbows

Reducing Elbows

90° Elbows

45° Elbows

180° Return Bends



Standard Sizes & Dimensions

| Pipe Size (Inches) | Bend Radius (mm) | Standard Angle | Pressure Rating (psi/bar) |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| 1/2" – 24" | 1.5D – 3D | 90° (Standard) | Up to 2,500 psi / 172 bar |
| 1" – 12" | 1.0D – 1.5D | 45°, 90° | Up to 1,500 psi / 103 bar |
| 2" – 16" | 1.5D – 2.5D | 180° | High pressure up to 5,000 psi |
| Custom Sizes | As required | 45°, 90°, 180° | Up to 20,000 psi / 1,379 bar (for critical service) |

Note: Elbow sizes and dimensions can be customized based on specific project requirements & applicable standards.

Materials Used for Elbows

Elbows in the Oil & Gas and engineering sectors are manufactured using high-strength, corrosion-resistant materials to withstand extreme temperatures, pressures, and chemical exposure. Some of the common materials used include:

| Pipe Size | Grade/UNS | Application |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Carbon Steel | A105, A234 WPB | Oil & gas pipelines, general process applications |
| Stainless Steel | 304, 316, 316L | Corrosive environments, offshore applications, water systems |
| Duplex Stainless Steel | S31803, S32205 | High-strength, corrosion-resistant in marine & subsea environments |
| Super Duplex Stainless Steel | S32750, S32760 | HPHT, subsea, and sour service |
| Inconel® | 625, 718 | High-temperature & corrosion-resistant environments |
| Monel® | 400, K500 | Seawater, marine, and chemical processing |
| Titanium | Grade 2, Grade 5 | Seawater, marine, and chemical processing |
| Monel® | 400, K500 | Seawater, marine, and chemical processing |
| Alloy Steel | A182 F5, F9 | High-temperature and pressure service |
| Hastelloy® | C-276, C-22 | Aggressive chemical environments, acid service |

Pressure & Temperature Ratings

The pressure and temperature ratings of elbows are determined by the material grade and design, with some elbow types capable of withstanding extreme conditions:

| Material | Temperature Rating | Pressure Rating |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| Carbon Steel | -29°C to 400°C | Up to 2,500 psi (172 bar) |
| Stainless Steel | -196°C to 600°C | Up to 1,500 psi (103 bar) |
| Duplex SS | -50°C to 300°C | Up to 2,000 psi (137 bar) |
| Inconel® | -200°C to 1,000°C | High-pressure services (up to 5,000 psi or more) |
| Monel® | -100°C to 400°C | Up to 3,000 psi (207 bar) |
| Titanium | -100°C to 600°C | Up to 3,000 psi (207 bar) |
| Hastelloy® | -100°C to 450°C | High-pressure chemical services (up to 5,000 psi) |

Applications of Elbows

Oil & Gas Industry

Subsea Pipelines: Long-radius elbows are commonly used for smooth fluid flow in subsea oil pipelines.

Offshore Platforms: Elbows made from Duplex and Super Duplex steels are used for their corrosion resistance in harsh marine environments.

Refineries: Short-radius elbows are used in refinery pipelines that handle gases and liquids at varying pressures and temperatures.

Wellhead Equipment: Elbows used for pipe connections and flow control lines.

FPSO: Elbows made from Alloy Steel or Inconel® are used in high-pressure riser systems.

Chemical Processing

- Corrosive Chemicals:** Elbows in Hastelloy® or Monel® are used for transferring corrosive fluids.
- Pharmaceutical:** Stainless Steel elbows are widely used for sanitary applications where cleanliness is critical.

- **Steam Lines:** High-temperature elbows in Alloy Steel for steam transfer between boilers and turbines.
- **Cooling Systems:** Titanium elbows are used in cooling systems that deal with saltwater in power plants.

Marine and Offshore

- **Sea Water Lines:** Elbows made of Monel® or Titanium for seawater piping systems.
- **Marine Gas Systems:** Elbows in Stainless Steel and Duplex Steel used in natural gas transportation.

Comprehensive Details on Elbows for Oil & Gas & Engineering Applications

Elbows are crucial components in piping systems, used to change the direction of flow. In industries such as Oil & Gas, Petrochemical, Power Generation, and Marine, elbows are subjected to high pressures, temperatures, and corrosive environments. Therefore, selecting the right type of elbow is essential for ensuring safe and efficient operations.

Here's a more detailed overview of elbows focusing on materials, design features, manufacturing standards, and usage across various industries.

Types of Elbows

1.1 Standard 90° Elbow

» **Description:** The most common type of elbow, used to change the flow direction by 90°. Can be long radius (LR) or short radius (SR).

Long Radius (LR): A 1.5 times the pipe diameter centerline radius.

Ideal for low-pressure systems and smoother flow.

Short Radius (SR): A 1.0 times the pipe diameter centerline radius.

Used in tight spaces & less critical applications, but creates higher turbulence and pressure loss.

1.2 45° Elbow

» **Description:** These elbows change the flow direction by 45° & are used to minimize the turbulence & fluid friction compared to 90° elbows.

Application: Common in fluid systems where a moderate directional change is needed and where the space is limited.

1.3 180° Return Bends

» **Description:** Used to reverse the flow direction completely.

Application: Typically found in high-temperature or high-pressure applications like chemical reactors, oil refineries, & gas processing plants.

1.4 Reducing Elbow

» **Description:** These elbows are used to change the pipe size while altering the direction. A reducing elbow has different sizes on both ends and can connect pipes of different diameters.

Application: Used in distribution systems, HVAC, oil & gas pipeline systems, and chemical processing.

1.5 Custom Elbows

» **Description:** Elbows can be custom-designed to fit particular specifications such as special angles (e.g., 30° or 60°), large radii, & complex material grades.

Applications: Tailored for specific engineering solutions, critical systems, & unconventional applications.

Materials for Elbows

The material chosen for elbows depends on the pressure, temperature, and chemical properties of the transported medium. Below are some of the most commonly used materials for elbows in oil & gas, industrial, and engineering applications.

2.1 Carbon Steel

» **Grades:** ASTM A105, ASTM A234 WPB, A333

» **Applications:** General-purpose elbows used for moderate temperature and pressure systems, non-corrosive fluids, and utility piping.

» **Advantages:** Cost-effective, readily available, and strong.

» **Limitations:** Prone to corrosion in aggressive environments, and not ideal for high-temperature applications beyond 400°C.

2.2 Stainless Steel

- » Grades: 304, 316, 316L, 321, 347
- » Applications: Elbows for corrosive environments, offshore applications, chemical handling, and food processing.
- » Advantages: Excellent corrosion resistance, can withstand high temperatures (up to 800°C), and offers great strength.
- » Limitations: More expensive than carbon steel.

2.3 Duplex & Super Duplex Stainless Steel

- » Grades: S31803, S32750, S32760
- » Applications: Used in applications where high strength, resistance to pitting corrosion, and high-pressure systems are required (e.g., offshore platforms, subsea pipelines, and HPHT wells).
- » Advantages: Stronger than regular stainless steel, superior corrosion resistance in chloride environments.
- » Limitations: Higher cost than regular stainless steel.

2.4 Nickel Alloys

- » Grades: Inconel® 625, Inconel® 718, Monel® 400, Hastelloy® C276
- » Applications: High-temperature, high-pressure, and highly corrosive environments. Used in applications involving steam, sulfuric acid, and chloride-rich environments.
- » Advantages: Exceptional resistance to high-temperature oxidation and corrosion. Inconel® and Monel® are ideal for harsh environments like offshore, refinery, and chemical plants.
- » Limitations: Expensive compared to stainless steel and carbon steel.

2.5 Titanium

- » Grades: Gr. 2, Gr. 5 (Ti-6Al-4V)
- » Applications: Offshore, subsea pipelines, seawater cooling systems, and aerospace. Titanium is often used when weight reduction and corrosion resistance are paramount.
- » Advantages: Extremely corrosion-resistant, especially in seawater and chemical environments.
- » Limitations: High cost and requires specific welding techniques.

2.6 Alloy Steel

- » Grades: ASTM A182 F5, F9, F11, F22
- » Applications: High-temperature and high-pressure applications like steam, gas, and oil lines.
- » Advantages: Resistant to thermal fatigue, oxidation, and scaling. Strong under high-pressure conditions.
- » Limitations: May not perform well in extremely corrosive environments without coatings or additional protection.

Pressure & Temperature Ratings

The pressure & temperature ratings of elbows depend on both the material & design (i.e., radius, angle). Below are typical ratings for the most common materials used in elbow applications:

| Material | Temperature Range | Pressure Rating |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Carbon Steel (A105) | -29°C to 400°C | Up to 2,500 psi (172 bar) |
| 304 Stainless Steel | -196°C to 800°C | Up to 1,500 psi (103 bar) |
| Duplex Stainless Steel (S31803) | -50°C to 300°C | Up to 2,500 psi (172 bar) |
| Inconel® 625 | -200°C to 1,000°C | Up to 5,000 psi (345 bar) |
| Monel® 400 | -100°C to 400°C | Up to 3,000 psi (207 bar) |
| Titanium (Gr.2) | -100°C to 600°C | Up to 3,000 psi (207 bar) |

Note: Pressure and temperature ratings should be verified according to the specific application and manufacturer's guidelines.

Elbow Applications

Oil & Gas

- **Subsea Pipelines**
- **Refineries**
- **Offshore Platforms**
- **Oil & Gas Wellheads**

Power Generation

- **Steam Piping**
- **Cooling Systems**

Chemical & Petrochemical

- **Chemical Reactors**
- **Pharmaceutical**
- **Seawater Systems**

Manufacturing Standards

Elbows are designed & manufactured according to a variety of industry standards to ensure quality, performance, and safety.

| Standard | Description |
|-------------|--|
| ASME B16.9 | Standard for factory-made wrought steel buttwelding fittings |
| ASME B16.28 | Standard for short-radius elbows |
| API 6A | Standard for wellhead equipment elbows |
| ISO 9001 | Quality management system certification |
| NACE MR0175 | Standard for materials used in sour service environments |

Customization

Elbows can be customized to meet specific needs, including:

- Special Material Grades: Materials like Inconel®, Hastelloy®, and Super Duplex for extreme conditions.
- Specialized Angles: Angles other than 45° and 90°, such as 30° or 60° for specialized flow control.
- Non-Standard Radii: Custom radii based on space constraints or fluid flow requirements.

Ferrules – Technical Overview for Oil & Gas & Industrial Use

Ferrules are precision-engineered components used in instrumentation, process control, hydraulic systems, and high-pressure tubing. They are critical in achieving leak-proof, corrosion-resistant, and vibration-safe connections



Types

Single Ferrule

Double Ferrule (Twin Ferrule)

Swagelok-type

Cone & Thread Ferrules

Hygienic Ferrules

Weld Ferrules

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Single Ferrule | A single-compression ring – typically used in standard instrumentation systems |
| Double Ferrule (Twin Ferrule) | Two-piece system: front ferrule creates the seal, back ferrule provides grip – preferred for high-integrity gas/oil sealing |
| Swagelok-type | Equivalent ferrules for twin-ferrule compression fittings |
| Cone & Thread Ferrules | For high-pressure systems up to 60,000 psi (used in oilfield instrumentation) |
| Hygienic Ferrules | Used in sanitary piping systems (tri-clamp fittings for food, pharma, biotech) |
| Weld Ferrules | Butt-weld or socket-weld to process pipe ends for hygienic or industrial use |

Standard Size Range

| Tube OD (inch) | Tube OD (mm) | Wall Thickness (in/mm) | Pressure Rating (psi/bar) |
|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1/8" – 2" | 3mm – 50mm | 0.028" – 0.120" (0.7 – 3mm) | Up to 10,000 psi / 690 bar |
| Cone & Thread | 1/16" – 1" | As per pressure system | Up to 60,000 psi / 4,137 bar |
| Tri-Clamp Ferrule Sizes | 1/2" to 12" | NA | PN10 – PN40 |

Ferrule Materials & Engineering Applications

Ferrules must withstand pressure, vibration, temperature, & corrosion.

Below are the recommended materials by industry & media compatibility:

| Material | Grade/UNS | Key Features | Application Areas |
|-----------------|----------------------|---|---|
| Stainless Steel | 304, 304L, 316, 316L | Good corrosion resistance, economical | General plant utility, water, air, low-corrosion fluids |
| Duplex SS | UNS S31803 | High strength, Cl ⁻ resistance | Marine & offshore hydraulic control lines |
| Monel® | 400 / K500 | Seawater & alkali resistant | Marine, nuclear, chloride-rich oil fields |
| Inconel® | 625 / 718 / 600 | High temp & oxidation resistance | Oil & gas offshore topside, acid gas service |
| Titanium | Grade 2 / Grade 5 | Lightweight, seawater resistant | Subsea umbilicals, hydrogen service |
| Hastelloy® | C276, C22 | Exceptional in oxidizers & mixed acids | Chemical plants, acid processing |
| Brass / Copper | C36000, C12200 | Easy to form, non-magnetic | Instrument air, general low-pressure gas systems |
| PTFE / PVDF | NA | Non-metallic, inert | Aggressive chemical systems (pharma, lab) |

Features & Options

- High-Precision Machining** (± 0.01 mm tolerances)
- Leak-Free Assembly** with standard tube nuts
- Material Traceability:** Each ferrule marked with heat number
- NACE MR0175 Compliant** (for Inconel, Duplex, Super Duplex, etc.)
- Testing:** PMI, Hardness, Microstructure (on request)
- Certifications:** EN 10204 3.1/3.2, ISO 9001, API Spec Q1

Types of Flushing Rings

| Standard | Description |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ASTM A276 / A479 | Bar stock for ferrule production |
| ASME B31.3 | Process piping compatibility |
| ISO 8434 / DIN 2353 | Tube fitting standards |
| SAE J514 / J1453 | Industrial hydraulic connections |
| 3A / DIN 32676 / BS 4825 | Sanitary clamp ferrules |

Application Industries

- Oil & Gas (Instrumentation, pressure measurement, offshore piping)
- Chemical Processing Plants
- Hydraulic & Pneumatic Systems
- Pharmaceutical & Biotech (Tri-Clamp Ferrules)
- Marine & Desalination
- Nuclear Reactors / Power Plants
- Process Skids & Control Panels
- Food & Beverage Pipelines

Customized - Oil & Gas & Industrial Applications

Overview

We supply precision-engineered fasteners tailored to critical applications requiring corrosion resistance, high mechanical strength, and long-term reliability in aggressive environments. These include custom dimensions, coatings, and special grades for subsea, topside, high-pressure vessels, rotating equipment, and structural joints.



Types of Fasteners

- Bolts
- Studs
- Washers
- Screws
- Nuts
- Anchor & U-Bolts

| Category | Types |
|------------------|---|
| Bolts | Hex Head, Heavy Hex, Socket Head, Flange Bolts, Eye Bolts |
| Studs | Full Thread, Tap End, Double End, Threaded Rods |
| Nuts | Hex, Heavy Hex, Jam, Cap, Lock, Slotted Nuts |
| Washers | Flat, Spring, Belleville, Hardened, Special Profile |
| Screws | Cap, Socket, Machine, Countersunk, Set Screws |
| Anchor & U-Bolts | Foundation & structural applications |

Custom-Engineered Components

We manufacture tailor-made components for extreme environments in oil & gas, petrochemical, aerospace, and marine sectors.

| Component | Customization | Certification |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| Blocks, Inserts, Couplers | To drawing/spec | EN10204 3.1/3.2, NACE, ISO 9001 |

Custom Capabilities

Precision Machining: CNC, turned, rolled threads

Testing & Certification: PMI, UT, MPI, Hardness, Tensile, Impact

Coatings & Treatments: PTFE (Xylan), Zinc Flake, Black Oxide, Molybdenum

Documentation: EN 10204 3.1 / 3.2, NACE MR0175, ISO 15156, PED, API 20E / 20F

Packaging: VCI wrap, labeled kits, export crates with part traceability

Applications in Oil & Gas

Subsea equipment (wellheads, trees, manifolds)

Topside modules (heat exchangers, pumps, valves)

Drilling systems (BOPs, mud manifolds)

Refineries (hydrocrackers, reactors)

FPSO units (turret moorings, flanged joints)

High-pressure pipe connections

Cathodic protection interfaces

Material Grades & Engineering Data

| Material | Grades / UNS | Temp Range | Applications |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Inconel® | 600, 625, 718 / N06625, N07718 | Up to 980°C | Subsea bolting, valve body studs |
| Monel® | 400, K500 / N04400, N05500 | Up to 480°C | Saltwater exposure, marine flanges |
| Titanium | Gr.2 (CP), Gr.5 (6Al-4V) | Up to 450°C | Riser flanges, offshore clamps |
| Stainless Steel | 304, 316, 321, 347 | Up to 870°C | Pumps, turbines, piping |
| Duplex SS | UNS S31803 | Up to 600°C | High Cl ⁻ resistance |
| Super Duplex | UNS S32750, S32760 | Up to 600°C | Subsea manifolds, well-heads |

High-Tensile Alloy Steel Grades

| Material | Grades / UNS | Tensile Strength | Standards | Typical Use |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Alloy Steel | ASTM A193 B7 | ≥ 860 MPa | ASME / ASTM / DIN | Pressure vessels, flanged joints |
| Quenched & Tempered Steel | ASTM A320 L7, B8 | ≥ 750 MPa – 1035 MPa | Cryogenic & high strength | Subsea well-heads, flanges |
| 8.8 / 10.9 / 12.9 Grades | ISO 898-1 | Up to 1220 MPa | ISO / EN / DIN 931–933 | Structural steel-work, pipeline skids |

Size & Thread Standards

| Property | Range / Spec |
|----------------|---|
| Diameter | M6 – M100 / $\frac{1}{4}$ " – 4" |
| Length | Up to 3000 mm (Custom Lengths) |
| Thread Forms | UNC, UNF, 8UN, ISO Metric, BSF, BSPT, NPT |
| Fit Class | 2A/2B, 3A/3B (per ASME B1.1) |
| Surface Finish | 0.8 – 3.2 μm Ra (machined) |

Common Standards Supported

| Standards | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| ASTM A193 / A194 | Bolting for high temperature & pressure service |
| ASTM B166, B574, B348 | Nickel & Titanium fastener stock materials |
| ISO 898-1 / ISO 3506 | Mechanical properties of fasteners |
| ASME B18.2.1 / B1.1 | Bolt and thread geometry |
| API 20E / 20F | Bolting for wellhead & subsea service |
| NACE MR0175 / ISO 15156 | Sour service compliance |



API METALS AND FORGE

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